

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
SHERMAN DIVISION

GIBSON BRANDS, INC., a Delaware)	
corporation,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	Case No. 4:19-cv-00358-ALM
)	
vs.)	FIRST AMENDED
)	COMPLAINT
ARMADILLO DISTRIBUTION)	
ENTERPRISES, INC., a Florida)	<u>JURY TRIAL DEMANDED</u>
corporation, and DOES 1 through 10,)	
)	
Defendants.)	

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Gibson Brands, Inc. (“Gibson” or “Plaintiff”) for its First Amended Complaint against Defendant Armadillo Distribution Enterprises, Inc. and does 1 through 10 (hereinafter collectively referred to as “Armadillo” or “Defendant”) alleges as follows:

Nature of Action

1. This is an action for trademark infringement, trademark counterfeiting, unfair competition, trademark dilution, and other related causes of action under federal, state and common law arising from Defendant Armadillo’s unauthorized use of Gibson’s Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark (U.S. Reg. No. 2051790), Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark

(U.S. Reg. No. 2053805), ES Body Shape Design[®] Trademark (U.S. Reg. No. 2007277), SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark (U.S. Reg. No. 2215791), Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark (U.S. Reg. No. 1020485), HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark (U.S. Reg. No. 1931670), and MODERNE[®] Trademark (U.S. Reg. No. 3588609) (collectively “Gibson Trademarks”) in the United States.

The Parties

2. Gibson is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 309 Plus Park Boulevard, Nashville, Tennessee 37217.

3. Upon information and belief, Defendant Armadillo is a Florida corporation with a principal place of business at 4924 W. Waters Avenue, Tampa, Florida 33634.

4. Upon information and belief, Defendant Armadillo is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products containing Gibson’s Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, ES Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, and MODERNE[®] Trademark in the United States, including in this District, through its business, catalogs, distributors, and its websites at www.deanguitars.com and www.lunaguitars.com.

5. The true names and capacities of Defendants DOES 1 through 10 are unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants designated herein as a fictitiously named Defendant is, in some manner, responsible for the events and happenings herein referred to, either contractually or tortuously, and caused damage to the Plaintiff as herein alleged. When Plaintiff ascertains the true names and capacities of DOES 1 through 10, it will ask leave of this Court to amend its Complaint by setting forth the same.

Jurisdiction and Venue

6. Original subject matter jurisdiction of this Court is based on 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question), 28 U.S.C. §1338(a) and (b) (Acts of Congress relating to trademarks and related actions), Sections 39 and 43(a) and (c) of the United States Trademark Act of 1946 (“Lanham Act”), as amended (15 U.S.C. §1121 and 1125(a)(c)). This court has supplemental jurisdiction over Gibson’s state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367 (Supplemental Jurisdiction) because they are substantially related to Gibson’s federal claims and arise out of the same case or controversy, as well as the principles of pendent jurisdiction.

7. Subject matter jurisdiction of this Court is also based on 28 U.S.C. § 1332 (diversity jurisdiction) because complete diversity exists between

the parties and the amount in controversy requirement is met: Gibson is a citizen of Delaware and Tennessee, and Armadillo is a citizen of Florida, and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

8. This action arises out of wrongful acts including advertising, offering for sale, selling, and distributing infringing products by Armadillo within this judicial district. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant Armadillo under the Texas Long-Arm Statute, Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 17.042, as it conducts business in the state of Texas and the exercise of such jurisdiction is consistent with due process under the United States Constitution. In addition, Defendant has minimum contacts within the State of Texas and the Southern District of Texas; and Defendant's contacts with the State of Texas arise from, or are directly related to, Plaintiff's cause of action.

9. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b) and (c), as Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this District and a substantial part of the events giving rise to these claims occurred in this District.

Gibson's Use And Ownership Of Its Marks

10. Plaintiff Gibson is engaged in the business of developing, manufacturing and selling musical instruments, including electric guitars, acoustic

guitars, basses, mandolins, and other stringed instruments under the famous GIBSON[®] Trademark for over a century.

11. Gibson guitars are sold worldwide. Gibson's instruments have gained worldwide recognition and reputation, winning awards for their designs.

12. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive design mark Flying V Body Shape Design[®], U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 2051790. This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on April 15, 1997, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1958. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "A."

13. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive design mark Explorer Body Shape Design[®], U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 2053805. This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on April 22, 1997, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1958. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "B."

14. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive design mark ES Body Shape Design[®], U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 2007277. This Supplemental Trademark Registration was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on October 8, 1996, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson

since 1958. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "C."

15. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive design mark SG Body Shape Design[®], U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 2215791. This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on January 5, 1999, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1961. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "D."

16. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive design mark Dove Wing Headstock Design[®], U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1020485. This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on September 16, 1975, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1922. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "E."

17. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive word mark HUMMINGBIRD[®], U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1931670. This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on October 31, 1995, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1960. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "F."

18. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive word mark MODERNE[®], U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 3588609. This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent

and Trademark Office on March 10, 2009, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1982. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "G."

19. Gibson has spent millions of dollars in the advertising and promotion of the Gibson Trademarks, which have been used in conjunction with various Gibson stringed instruments.

20. Gibson has sold millions of guitars bearing the Gibson Trademarks.

21. Gibson authorized dealers sell products bearing the Gibson Trademarks in every state in the United States and numerous countries around the world.

22. Gibson products bearing the Gibson Trademarks are featured in nearly every guitar trade magazine that includes guitars.

23. Gibson products bearing the Gibson Trademarks have received a substantial amount of unsolicited press including:

(a) being featured in movies such as A Star is Born, Back to the Future, Black Snake Moan, Bandslam, It Might Get Loud, August Rush, Country Strong, The Runaways, Jailhouse Rock, and School of Rock;



(b) being featured throughout the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame, Musicians Hall of Fame and Museum, and the National Guitar Museum's exhibit "Guitar: The Instrument That Rocked The World";

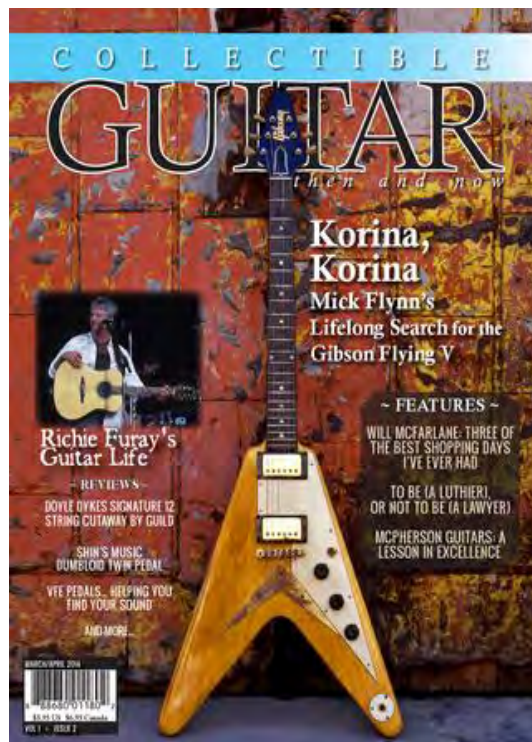
(c) being featured on television shows such as House, Saturday Night Live, Late Night with Jimmy Fallon, Metalocalypse, and American Idol;

(d) being featured on the cover of countless popular guitar and music magazines;





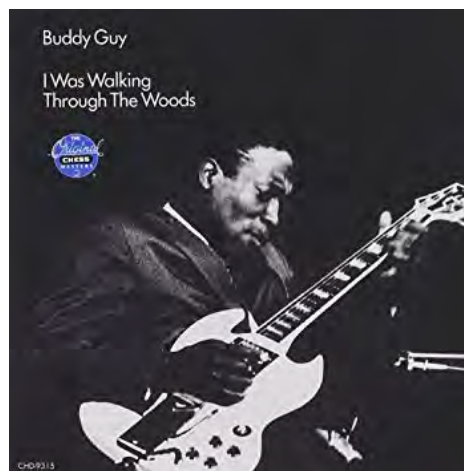
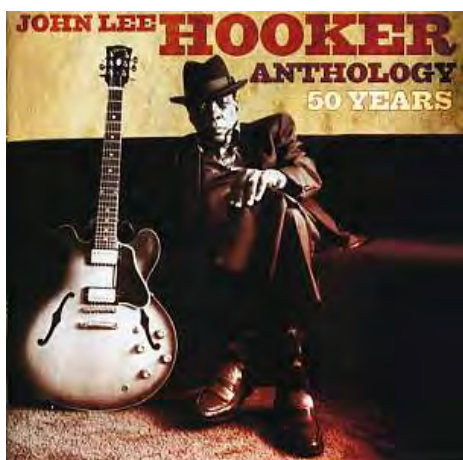
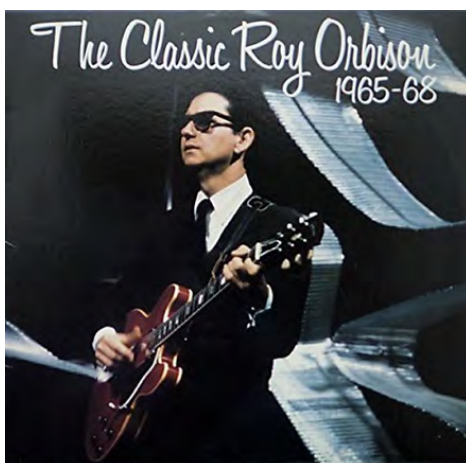
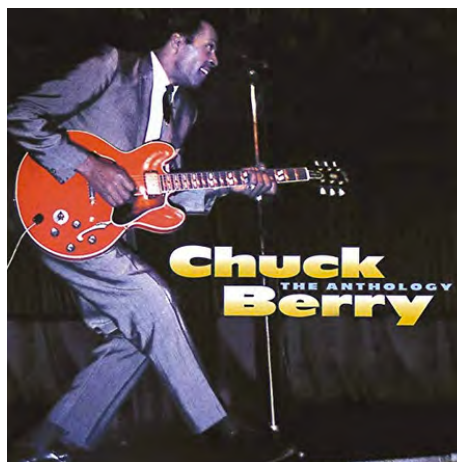
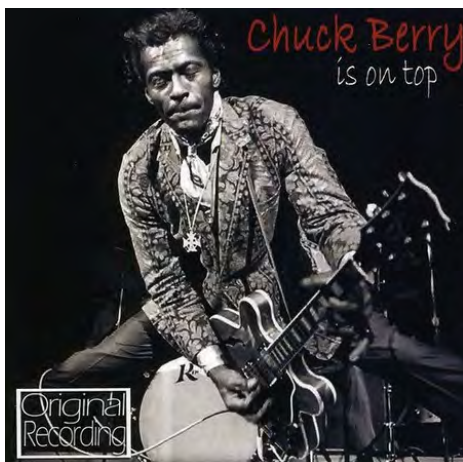




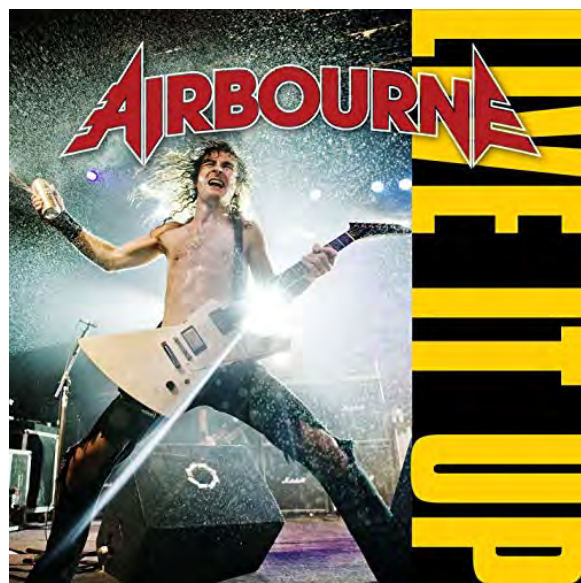
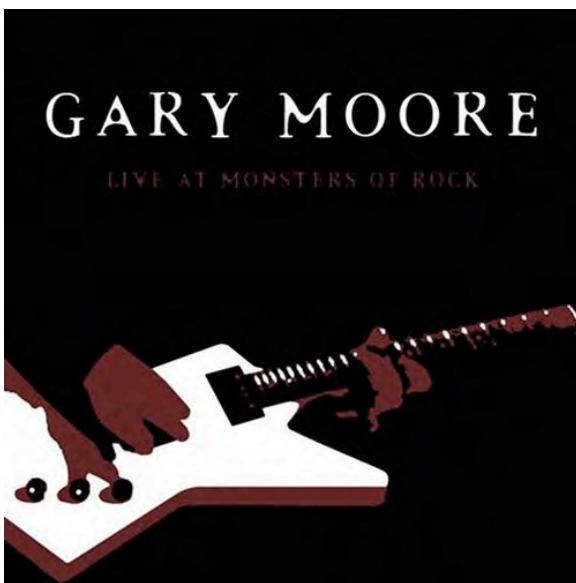


(e) being featured on the cover of countless music albums;



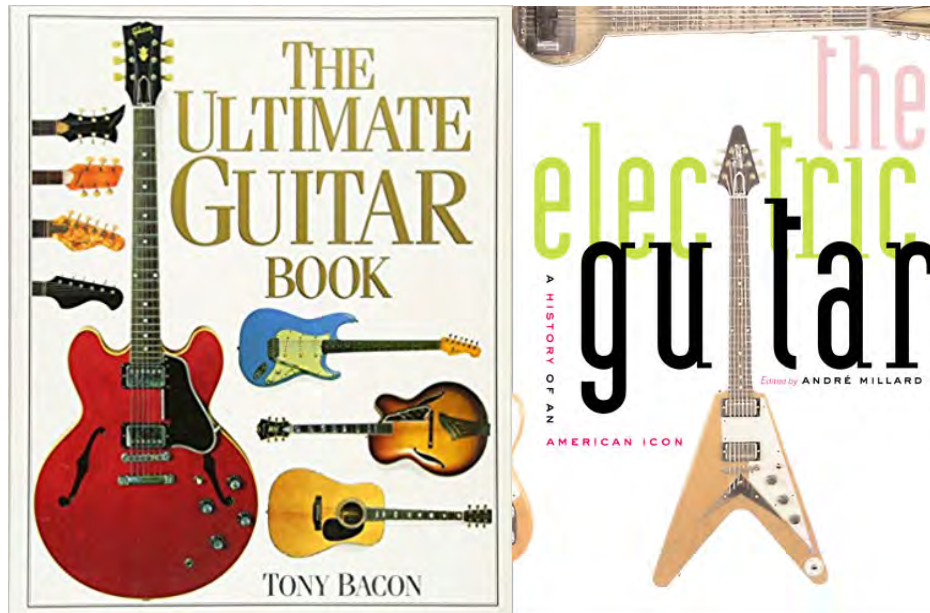






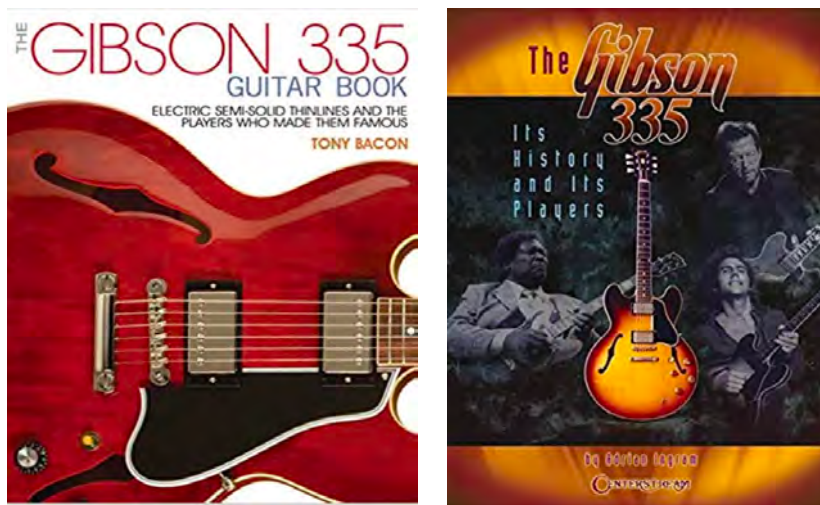
- (f) being featured in countless music videos;
- (g) being featured within articles of countless popular guitar, rock, and other pop culture magazines;

(h) guitar encyclopedia books devote a significant amount of space to the Gibson guitars displaying the Gibson Trademarks;

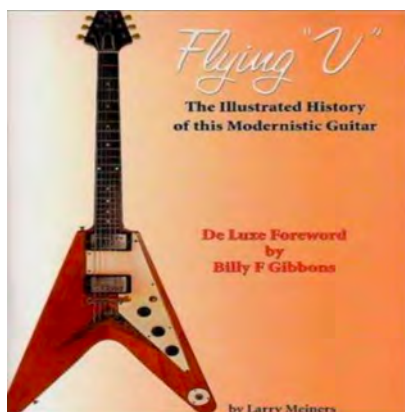


(i) books written about rock history or famous guitarists feature the Gibson guitars displaying the Gibson Trademarks;

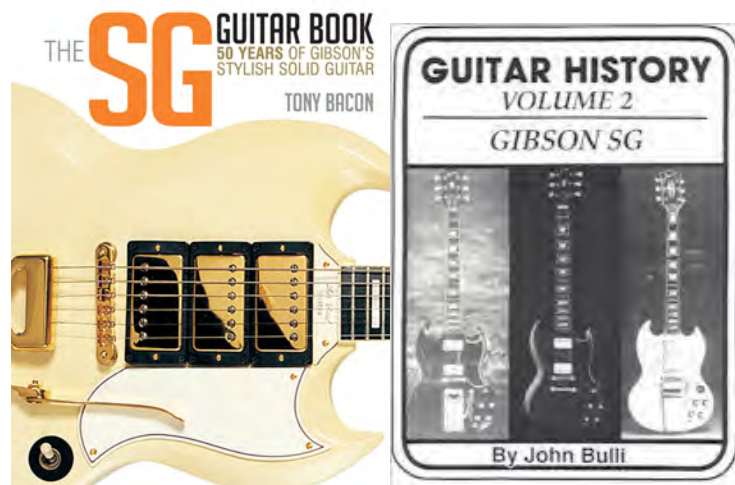
(j) books have been written specifically about the fame of the Gibson ES guitar: such as Tony Bacon, *The Gibson 335 Guitar Book: Electric Semi-Solid Thinlines and the Players Who Made Them Famous* (Backbeat August 1, 2016); Adrian Ingram, *The Gibson 335: Its History and Its Players* (Centerstream Publications June 1, 2006);



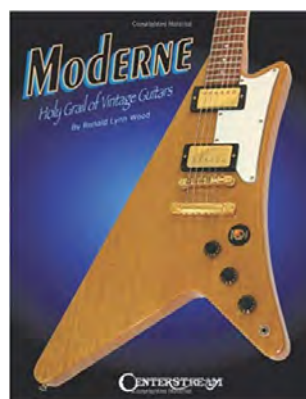
(k) books have been written specifically about the fame of the Gibson Flying V and Explorer guitars: such as Tony Bacon, *Flying V, Explorer, Firebird- An Odd-Shaped History of Gibson's Weird Electric Guitars* (Backbeat Books 2011); Zachary R. Fjestad, *Gibson Flying V* (Blue Book Publications 2007); and Larry Meiners, *Flying V: The Illustrated History of this Modernistic Guitar* (2001);



(l) books have been written specifically about the fame of the Gibson SG guitar: such as Tony Bacon, *The SG Guitar Book: 50 Years of Gibson's Stylish Solid Guitar* (Backbeat Books 2015); and John Bulli, *Guitar History Volume 2: Gibson SG* (Bold Strummer Ltd 1989);



(m) a book has been written specifically about the fame and collectability of the Gibson Moderne guitar: Ronald Lynn Wood, *Moderne: Holy Grail of Vintage Guitars* (Centerstream Publications December 1, 2008);



(n) being featured in countless concerts when used by famous musicians on stage; and

(o) The Academy of Science & Technology, according to the Guinness Book of World's Record, built the world's largest playable guitar, a 43.5 feet long and 16 feet wide replica of a Gibson Flying V[®], and that guitar has been displayed in the Exhibit "The Guitar" the Instrument that Rocked the World, and displayed at, among other places, the Carnegie Science Center and Liberty Science Center in Jersey City, New Jersey.





[Available at <http://www.musicradar.com/news/guitars/worlds-largest-playable-guitar-on-show-608201>.]

24. As a result of the quality of Gibson's products and the extensive sales, licensing and marketing, advertising and promotion of these products under the Gibson Trademarks, the Gibson Trademarks have become famous trademarks that are widely and favorably known by the general consumers in Texas, in the United States, and elsewhere as designating high quality and dependable products originating exclusively from Gibson and its related companies. As a direct result of Gibson's promotional efforts and extensive sales, the Gibson Trademarks have been prominently placed in the minds of the public. The Gibson Trademarks are distinctive designs and word marks owned exclusively by Gibson, achieving secondary meaning from over 50 years of use with Gibson spending millions of dollars on promotion of the Gibson Trademarks. Consumers are exposed to the

Gibson Trademarks through magazines, newspapers, television, and the Internet. As a result, the Gibson Trademarks have become widely known and valuable trademarks, possessing a strong secondary meaning among consumers. Consequently, the Gibson Trademarks have come to symbolize the enormous goodwill of Gibson's business in Texas, in the United States, nationwide, and elsewhere. No other manufacturer lawfully uses the Gibson Trademarks or any other substantially similar marks for similar types of goods without Gibson's authorization.

25. The Gibson Trademarks have been famous in Texas, in the United States, nationwide, and elsewhere since long prior to the acts complained of herein. The Gibson Trademarks have been used exclusively nationwide and have been used exclusively by Gibson.

26. The above-identified registrations remain in full force and effect and are *prima facie* proof of Gibson's exclusive right to own and use the Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, and MODERNE[®] Trademark. In addition, the Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Dove Wing Headstock Design[®]

Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, and MODERNE[®] Trademark are incontestable pursuant to Section 15 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. § 1065).

Defendant's Misuse of The Gibson Trademarks

27. Upon information and belief, Defendant Armadillo offers for sale, sells, and distributes electric guitars in the United States using Gibson's Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, ES Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, and MODERNE[®] Trademark ("Defendant's Unauthorized Products") through its business, catalogs, distributors, its websites at www.deanguitars.com and www.lunaguitars.com. Examples of Defendant's Unauthorized Products are attached hereto as Exhibit "H." Sample images are provided below:

The Gibson Trademarks



Armadillo's Infringing Product







HUMMINGBIRD®
MODERNE®



Hummingbird
Modern

28. Defendant is not an authorized retailer or distributor for any goods bearing the Gibson Trademarks and has not acquired the goods from Gibson.

29. Upon information and belief, notwithstanding the lack of authorization from Gibson and the fact that said Defendant's Unauthorized Products otherwise are not authorized to be sold utilizing the Gibson Trademarks, Armadillo has made repeated unauthorized use of the Gibson Trademarks in connection with said products, as described below, with the intent to mislead and confuse consumers into believing that said Defendant's Unauthorized Products are made directly by Gibson pursuant to Gibson's strict quality control standards or that said Defendant's Unauthorized Products are otherwise authorized, licensed, or sponsored by Gibson and with the intent of misappropriating, for its own benefit,

the tremendous goodwill built up by Gibson in the Gibson Trademarks. [See Exhibit “H.”].

30. In particular, Armadillo has improperly used the Gibson Trademarks in its advertising and promotional materials for said Defendant’s Unauthorized Products on its websites at www.deanguitars.com and www.lunaguitars.com and has thus falsely stated or otherwise implied that said Defendant’s Unauthorized Products are made directly by Gibson pursuant to Gibson's strict quality control standards or that its use of the Gibson Trademarks is authorized or licensed by Gibson.

31. Gibson is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that, Armadillo is or has been directly and indirectly advertising and selling the Defendant’s Unauthorized Products bearing the Gibson Trademarks through its catalogs, distributors, and its websites at www.deanguitars.com and www.lunaguitars.com.

32. Upon information and belief, the aforementioned misuse of the Gibson Trademarks by Armadillo was done with the intent of deceiving or misleading customers into mistakenly believing that said Defendant’s Unauthorized Products were authorized Gibson products originating from Gibson or its related companies and otherwise misappropriating the goodwill built up by Gibson in the Gibson Trademarks and otherwise attracting and misdirecting

consumers looking for genuine or authorized Gibson goods to the Defendant's Unauthorized Products.

33. Upon information and belief, Armadillo had constructive knowledge that Defendant's Unauthorized Products were infringing the Gibson Trademarks. The Gibson Trademarks are all registered in the United States: the Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, ES Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, and HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark have been registered since the 1990s, and the MODERNE[®] Trademark since 2009. The Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark has been registered since 1975.

34. Armadillo has actual knowledge of the infringement of the Gibson Trademarks by Defendant's Unauthorized Products. Gibson contacted Armadillo on October 20, 2017, via a cease and desist letter describing the infringement of Gibson's Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark and Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark. [See October 20, 2017 Cease and Desist Letter attached as Exhibit "I."]. Gibson contacted Armadillo on May 13, 2019, via a cease and desist letter describing the infringement of Gibson's ES Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, and MODERNE[®] Trademark. [See May 13, 2019 Cease and Desist Letter attached as Exhibit "J."]. Armadillo has actual knowledge

of the infringement of Gibson's Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark, via an Opposition proceeding initiated by Gibson on May 5, 2006 and decided on June 10, 2009. [See June 10, 2009 Opposition No. 91170847 attached as Exhibit "K."].¹

35. Despite its constructive and actual knowledge of the infringement of the Gibson Trademarks by Defendant's Unauthorized Products, Armadillo has continued to directly and indirectly advertise and sell the Defendant's Unauthorized Products bearing the Gibson Trademarks through its catalogs, distributors, and its websites at www.deanguitars.com and www.lunaguitars.com and provide Defendant's Unauthorized Products to distributors whom then sell Defendant's Unauthorized Products to the end consumer.

36. Prior to commencing this lawsuit, Gibson and its representatives communicated directly with Armadillo's counsel in an attempt to resolve this matter without the necessity of bringing this lawsuit, but Armadillo has failed to cease all unauthorized use of the Gibson Trademarks as requested by Gibson and continues to deliberately and intentionally use the Gibson Trademarks without the consent of Gibson.

¹ Gibson did not provide Armadillo with actual notice of the infringement of Gibson's SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark as the infringement was determined after the original Complaint was filed on May 14, 2019.

37. The misuse of the Gibson Trademarks by Armadillo was intended to cause, has caused, and is likely to continue to cause, consumer confusion, mistake or deception including the misleading of consumers into mistakenly believing that the Defendant's Unauthorized Products are made directly by Gibson pursuant to Gibson's strict quality control standards or Gibson has authorized, licensed, or sponsored the use by Armadillo of the Gibson Trademarks for those products.

38. The aforementioned misuse of the Gibson Trademarks by Armadillo is damaging to the reputation and goodwill of Gibson and the Gibson Trademarks.

39. Upon information and belief, the aforesaid acts of Armadillo have caused and, unless enjoined, will continue to cause irreparable damage to Gibson and to the reputation of its valuable Gibson Trademarks.

40. Gibson has no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT I
Trademark Infringement Under The United States Trademark
Act (15 U.S.C. 1114 (1))

41. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

42. Armadillo's use of a reproduction, counterfeit, copy, or colorable imitation of the famous Gibson Trademarks, without Gibson's consent, in commerce in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising

of their products or services is likely to cause confusion, or to cause mistake, or to deceive the public, and thus constitutes trademark infringement pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1114.

43. The complained of acts constitute willful, deliberate, and intentional infringement of Gibson's federally registered trademarks for the Gibson Trademarks in violation of §32(1) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1114(1)).

44. Armadillo's intentional and willful infringement of the Gibson Trademarks has caused, and will continue to cause, damage to Gibson and is causing irreparable harm to Gibson for which there is no adequate remedy at law. Armadillo is directly liable for these actions.

COUNT II
Trademark Counterfeiting Under The United States Trademark
Act (15 U.S.C. 1114(1))

45. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

46. Upon information and belief, Armadillo intentionally and willfully used, without Gibson's consent, counterfeit versions of Gibson's Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, and MODERNE[®] Trademark in commerce,

knowing that the marks were counterfeit. Armadillo used the counterfeit marks in connection with the sale, offering for sale, or distribution of their goods and services, which is likely to cause confusion, or cause mistake, or deceive the public.

47. Armadillo uses the counterfeit marks on electric and acoustic guitars, the identical goods Gibson's Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, and MODERNE[®] Trademark are registered for.

48. The complained of acts constitute trademark counterfeiting in violation of Section 32(1) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1114(1)).

COUNT III

False Designation of Origin, Passing Off, and Unfair Competition Under The United States Trademark Act (15 U.S.C. 1125(a))

49. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

50. Armadillo's use of the Gibson Trademarks, without Gibson's consent, in commerce to promote, market, or sell their products or services in direct competition with Gibson's products and services constitutes False Designation of Origin and Unfair Competition pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a). Armadillo's use

of the Gibson Trademarks is a false designation of origin, a false or misleading description of fact, and/or a false or misleading representation of fact, which is likely to cause confusion, or cause mistake, or to deceive as to the affiliation, connection, or association of Armadillo with Gibson and/or as to the origin, sponsorship, or approval of Armadillo's products and commercial activities with Gibson.

51. The complained of acts constitute willful, deliberate, and intentional false designations of origin as to products made available by Armadillo and unfair competition in violation of §43(a) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(a)).

52. Armadillo's wrongful activities have caused - and unless enjoined by this Court - will continue to cause irreparable injury and other damages to Gibson's business and reputation, and will continue to cause damage to the goodwill it has developed in its Gibson Trademarks. Gibson has no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT IV
Trademark Dilution Under The United States Trademark Act
(15 U.S.C. 1125(c))

53. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

54. Armadillo's unauthorized use of the famous Gibson Trademarks is likely to dilute and blur the distinctive quality of these marks and to tarnish the Gibson Trademarks.

55. The complained of acts have diluted and damaged the distinctive quality of Gibson's famous Gibson Trademarks and constitute trademark dilution of the famous marks in violation of §43(c) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(c)).

56. Upon information and belief, Armadillo willfully intended to trade on Gibson's reputation and/or cause dilution and tarnishment of Gibson's famous Gibson Trademarks.

COUNT V
Intentional Interference With Economic Advantage in Violation of Texas
Common Law

57. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

58. Gibson has for years entered into contracts with others and has reasonably expected to continue to enter into contracts licensing the Gibson Trademarks to various entities for use with guitars, toys, jewelry, clothing, and other goods.

59. Armadillo has known that the Gibson Trademarks are highly desirable property to Gibson, other guitar manufacturers, and companies engaging in the sale of clothing, guitar accessories, memorabilia, and other collectable goods. Additionally, Armadillo has known of Gibson's desire and intent to license the valuable Gibson Trademarks to existing and potential clients for use with guitars and other goods.

60. Having seen that Armadillo misappropriated the Gibson Trademarks for their own gain, without Gibson's permission and without any compensation to Gibson, other companies now do not feel it necessary to enter into or continue with licensing agreements with Gibson for the use of the Gibson Trademarks.

61. Absent Armadillo's infringing conduct, it is reasonably certain that Gibson would have continued to license its Gibson Trademarks to existing and prospective clients.

62. Armadillo's conduct has caused Gibson substantial harm and damages because Gibson is unable to fully commercialize on the licensing of the Gibson Trademarks to various companies engaged in the sale of clothing, guitar accessories, memorabilia, and other collectable goods.

63. The complained of acts constitute intentional interference with economic advantage in violation of the common law of the State of Texas.

COUNT VI
Trademark Dilution Under Tex. Bus. & Comm. Code (Section 16.103)

64. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

65. Through Gibson's long-standing and extensive use, and the consumer recognition, the Gibson Trademarks are famous.

66. Armadillo's adoption and use of the Gibson Trademarks have caused and are likely to cause dilution by blurring and weakening of the Gibson Trademarks

67. Armadillo's willful intent to trade on the Gibson Trademarks on its guitars threatens to harm the reputation of the famous Gibson Trademarks.

68. As a direct and proximate result of Armadillo's actions, Gibson has suffered and will continue to suffer damages, including damage to its goodwill and reputation.

69. The complained of acts are likely to cause injury to the business reputation of, or otherwise dilute, the distinctive quality of the Gibson Trademarks in violation of § 16.103 of the Texas Business and Commerce Code.

COUNT VII
Trademark Infringement in Violation of Texas Common Law

70. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

71. Gibson has a valid, legally protectable interest in the Gibson Trademarks.

72. Armadillo used the Gibson Trademarks in commerce to identify its own goods.

73. Armadillo did not have Gibson's consent, permission, or license to use the Gibson Trademarks.

74. Armadillo used the Gibson Trademarks with the intent to confuse consumers regarding the origins of Armadillo's goods.

75. Armadillo's use of the Gibson Trademarks has caused consumer confusion, and will continue to cause confusion, regarding the origins of Armadillo's products and has diminished Gibson's goodwill and ability to control the goods sold under the Gibson Trademarks.

76. The complained of acts constitute trademark infringement in violation of the common law of the State of Texas.

77. Armadillo's acts have caused, and will continue to cause, Gibson to suffer damages.

COUNT VIII
Unfair Competition in Violation of Texas Common Law

78. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

79. Through Armadillo's use of the Gibson Trademarks in connection with its guitars, Armadillo is passing off its goods as those of Gibson's in a manner that is false, misleading, and misrepresentative of the nature, characteristics, and quality of Gibson's goods.

80. Armadillo misappropriated the Gibson Trademarks, in which Gibson created through extensive resources, with the intent to free ride off of Gibson's goodwill and engage in direct competition with Gibson.

81. As a direct and proximate result of Armadillo's actions, Gibson has suffered and will continue to suffer damages, including irreparable damage to its goodwill and reputation.

82. The complained of acts constitute unlawful acts of unfair competition and unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business practices in violation of the common law of the State of Texas.

COUNT IX

False Designation of Origin in Violation of Texas Common Law

83. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

84. Through Armadillo's use of the Gibson Trademarks in interstate commerce in connection with its guitars, Armadillo has falsely designated those goods as affiliated with Gibson.

85. Armadillo's use of the Gibson Trademarks has the capacity to materially deceive potential consumers, and is likely to cause confusion, or to cause mistake, or to deceive as to the origin of Armadillo's guitars.

86. As a result of Armadillo's false designation of its guitars, Gibson has suffered, and will continue to suffer damages, including irreparable damage to its goodwill and reputation.

COUNT X

Unjust Enrichment in Violation of Texas Common Law

87. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 40, as if fully set forth herein.

88. Through Armadillo's use of the Gibson Trademarks, Armadillo has used the significant goodwill and consumer recognition inherent in the Gibson

Trademarks to gain business and compete directly with Gibson for potential customers.

89. Through Armadillo's use of the Gibson Trademarks, Armadillo's marketing efforts have benefited and Armadillo has profited financially, and is likely to continue benefiting and profiting, by leading customers to believe that Armadillo's guitars using the Gibson Trademarks are affiliated with Gibson.

90. As a direct and proximate result of Armadillo's actions, Gibson has suffered and will continue to suffer damages, including irreparable damage to its goodwill and reputation.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Gibson Brands, Inc. prays for judgment as follows:

1. That judgment be entered in favor of Plaintiff on all causes of action set forth herein.

2. That in accordance with Section 35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117), Plaintiff be awarded monetary damages sufficient to recover: (1) Defendants' profits on Defendant's Unauthorized Products; (2) all damage suffered by Plaintiff; and (3) the costs of this action and that said amount be trebled or otherwise multiplied to the extent permitted by statute. In addition, Plaintiff

reserves the right to elect statutory damages up to and including \$2,000,000 per counterfeit mark pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1117(c).

3. That Plaintiff be awarded such other monetary damages, recovery and awards as appropriate under the law.

4. That Armadillo, its officers, directors, principals, agents, servants, affiliates, employees, attorneys, representatives, successors and assigns, and all those in privity or acting in concert or participation with Armadillo, and each and all of them, be preliminarily and permanently enjoined and restricted from directly or indirectly:

(a) claiming or representing that any products and/or services sold by Armadillo are made directly by Gibson pursuant to Gibson's strict quality control standards or Gibson has authorized, licensed, or sponsored the use by Armadillo of the Gibson Trademarks for those products;

(b) using, in any manner, or holding itself out as having rights to use Gibson's Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, ES Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, or MODERNE[®] Trademark, or any other name, mark or design confusingly similar to the Gibson Trademarks to designate, describe or refer to

themselves or in conjunction with any product or service, including any use in conjunction with any Internet activities conducted by it or on its behalf such as any use as a domain name or in the text, graphics and hypertext metatags of any Internet website;

(c) requesting or inducing Internet search engines to display links to the Armadillo's website or other websites displaying or promoting Armadillo's products or services when potential customers using those search engines search for terms containing variations of Gibson's Flying V Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Explorer Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, ES Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, SG Body Shape Design[®] Trademark, Dove Wing Headstock Design[®] Trademark, HUMMINGBIRD[®] Trademark, or MODERNE[®] Trademark;

(d) selling, offering for sale, promoting, advertising, distributing or providing or offering to provide any goods or services in conjunction with the Gibson Trademarks or any other name, mark or design confusingly similar to the Gibson Trademarks in conjunction with any product or service; and

(e) engaging in any course of conduct likely to cause confusion, deception or mistake or injure Plaintiff's business reputation or dilute the Gibson Trademarks or appropriate the goodwill and reputation of said marks or lead to the passing off of Armadillo's products and services as Gibson products and services.

5. That the Court issue an Order directing Armadillo to file with the Court and serve on Plaintiff, within thirty (30) days after the service on Armadillo of such injunctions, a report in writing and under oath, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which Armadillo has complied with the injunction.

6. That the Court award judgment in favor of the Plaintiff in the amount of treble damages.

7. That the Court award to Plaintiff punitive damages sufficient to deter Armadillo from committing such willful acts of infringement in the future.

8. That the Court requires a full and complete accounting of all monies received by Armadillo as a result of the infringement.

9. That Armadillo be required to deliver to Plaintiff all merchandise, packaging, labels, boxes, cartons, advertising, brochures, documents, advertising and promotional materials and other things, possessed, used or distributed by Defendant, or on its behalf, which use the Gibson Trademarks or any other name, mark or design confusingly similar to the Gibson Trademarks.

10. That Plaintiff be awarded the costs of this action and its disbursements, and reasonable attorneys' and investigatory fees incurred, and as otherwise appropriate herein, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1117 or other appropriate statute or law.

11. For interest on all amounts found to be due to Plaintiff from Armadillo, at the prevailing rate, from the date of said amounts or any part thereof became or becomes due.

12. That the Court requires Armadillo to notify its commercial associates, dealers, master distributors, suppliers and customers of this Order.

13. That Plaintiff be granted such other monetary, equitable and further relief, as this Court may deem appropriate under federal, state and common law.

14. That the Court retain jurisdiction of this action for the purpose of enabling Plaintiff to apply to the Court, at any time, for such further orders and directions as may be necessary or appropriate for the interpretation or execution of any Order entered in this action, for the modification of any such Order, for the enforcement or compliance therewith and for the punishment of any violation thereof.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Gibson hereby demands a jury trial on all issues.

Respectfully submitted, this 6th day of June 2019.

/s/ Stephen D. Howen
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